

GLOSSARY

APBN	Anggaran Pendapatan dan Belanja Negara or National Accounts and Budget.
Apeksu	Assosiasi Petani Kopra Sulawesi or Sulawesi Copra Farmers Association.
Babinsa	Bintara Pembina Desa; military officers assigned in municipalities claimed to provide guidance to villages.
BKKAKD	Badan Konsultasi Kerjasama Kepala Desa or Consultative Board for Inter-Village Heads Cooperation.
BPK	Badan Pembina Kesehatan or Healthcare Board of Trustee.
BPPC	Badan Penyangga dan Pemasaran Cengkeh; the organization owned by Soeharto's third son which monopolized the distribution of cloves.
BPS	Badan Pusat Statistik or Central Statistics Board in Indonesia.
<i>bupati</i>	Regent.
<i>Chukaku-shi</i>	Core City (CC) (in Japan).
<i>Chukyo</i>	One of the MURs in Japan which has 1 core metropolis (Nagoya) and covers Aichi, Gifu, and Mie prefectures.
DAK	Dana Alokasi Khusus; the central government's transfer to provinces and district under the new system of governmental relation intended to finance specific program and project in certain region.
DAU	Dana Alokasi Umum; the central government's block transfer to provinces and district under the new system of governmental relation. Local Governments have full authority to utilize such fund for their own purposes.
<i>desa</i>	Administrative village in rural area.
DIDs	Densely Inhabited Districts; urbanized areas in Japan.
DPD	Dewan Perwakilan Daerah or Regional Representative Council. A new legislative body created by virtue of the Amendment to the 1945 Constitution.
DPOD	Dewan Pertimbangan Otonomi Daerah or Regional Autonomy Advisory Council.
DPR-D	Legislative bodies at provincial and regency/municipal levels.
DSCR	Debt Service Coverage Ratio. Simply defined as a ratio of foreign debt over export. It measures the ability of a particular economy to pay its liabilities.
<i>Gerbangkertosusilo</i>	Gresik-Bangkalan-Mojokerto-Surabaya-Sidoarjo-Lamongan which forms the MUR in East Java Province.

<i>Golkar</i>	Golongan Karya; the dominant political organization in Soeharto era.
<i>gun-bu</i>	Non-city area (in Japan).
HO	Hinder Ordination or Nuisance Permit.
<i>ibukota kabupaten</i>	Capital town of a regency.
IMB	Izin Mendirikan Bangunan or Building Construction Permit.
<i>Inpres</i>	Instruksi Presiden or Presidential Instruction; the central government's transfer to provinces and districts in the old system of governmental relation for specific development projects in regions that were usually planned and decided at the central level
IRDA	Indonesia's Rapid Decentralization Appraisal.
ISI	Import Substitution Industrialization. Expansion of industrialization oriented to provide domestic market with domestically produced goods previously supplied by foreign market.
<i>Jabotabek</i>	Jakarta, Bogor, Tangerang and Bekasi which forms the MUR in the capital region of Indonesia.
<i>kacamatan</i>	Sub-district.
<i>kantor dinas</i>	Functional or Service Office. Part of decentralization agencies of local government at provincial and district levels.
<i>kantor wilayah</i>	Regional office of a ministry in the provinces under the old governmental relation system.
KAPET	Kawasan Pembangunan Ekonomi Terpadu or Integrated Economic Development Zone.
<i>Keihanshin</i>	One of the MURs in Japan which has 3 core metropolises (Osaka, Kyoto, Kobe) and covers Osaka, Hyogo, Kyoto, and Nara prefectures.
<i>Keihinryo</i>	One of the MURs in Japan which has 1 core district (Capital District of Tokyo) and 3 core metropolises (Yokohama, Kawasaki, and Chiba) and covers Tokyo, Kanagawa, Saitama, and Chiba prefectures.
<i>kelurahan</i>	Administrative village in urban area.
<i>kemitraan</i>	Partnership.
KKN	Korupsi, Kolusi dan Nepotisme or Corruption, Collusion, and Nepotism.
KODAM	Komando Daerah Militer; regional military command in provinces.
<i>Koramil</i>	Komando Rayon Militer; military command in sub-districts.
<i>Korem</i>	Komando Resort Militer; local military command in districts.

<i>Korpri</i>	Korps Pegawai Negeri or Civil Servants Corps; a mono-loyal organization of civil servants.
<i>Kosgoro</i>	Koperasi Serbaguna Gotong Royong; a non-political grouping of cooperatives founded by General Mas Isman on 10 November 1957.
<i>kotapradja</i>	Former name of municipalities in Indonesia which was later changed to <i>kotamadya</i> after 1970s and to <i>kota</i> recently.
<i>kotif</i>	Kota Administratif; an urbanized district that wasn't regarded as a municipality.
KPPOD	Komite Pemantauan Pelaksanaan Otonomi Daerah or The Regional Autonomy Watch; a non-governmental organization.
LKMD	Lembaga Ketahanan Masyarakat Desa or Village Resilience Institution/Community Defense Organization.
LPTK	Lembaga Pendidikan Tenaga Kependidikan or Educational Institute for Educators.
<i>machi</i>	Towns (in Japan).
<i>Masyumi</i>	Majelis Syuro Muslimin Indonesia; one of the major political parties in Soekarno era representing the ideology of Islam modernism.
<i>Mebidang</i>	Medan-Binjai-Deli-Serdang which forms the MUR in North Sumatra Province.
MKGR	Musyawaharh Kekeluargaan Gotong Royong; a mass-based organization founded by Colonel Sugandhi on 3 January 1960 to counter the growing power of the Communists Party of Indonesia.
<i>mura</i>	Villages (in Japan).
MURs	Mega Urban Regions.
N.A.D.	Nanggroe Aceh Darussalam; present name of the Special Region of Aceh.
<i>non-pribumi</i>	non-indigenous people.
NTT	Nusa Tenggara Timur or East Nusa Tenggara.
Oxfam	International NGO based in London working on poverty eradication.
PAD	Pendapatan Asli Daerah or Local Own Revenue.
PDAM	Perusahaan Daerah Air Minum; a Water Supply and Management Enterprise owned by local government.
PEG-USAID	Partnership for Economic Growth - United States Agency for International Development.
<i>pemekaran</i>	Establishment of new local bodies by dividing existing ones.
<i>Peraturan Pemerintah</i>	Government Regulation; a regulation issued by the government to further specify a particular law.
<i>Perda</i>	Peraturan Daerah or Local Regulation.

<i>Perpu</i>	Peraturan Pemerintah Pengganti Undang-Undang or Government Regulation in Lieu of Law.
PKI	Partai Komunis Indonesia or Communist Party of Indonesia.
PNI	Partai Nasional Indonesia or Nationalist Party of Indonesia.
<i>polisi pamong praja</i>	Local government police.
<i>pribumi</i>	Indigenous people.
PRRI/PERMESTA	Regional rebellion that broke out in West Sumatra and South Sulawesi in 1959.
PSI	Partai Sosialis Indonesia or Indonesian Socialist Party.
<i>putra daerah</i>	Sons of a Region, persons who were born, raised and lived in a local region.
RT/RW	Rukun Tetangga/Rukun Warga or Neighborhood Association. RT usually consists of thirty to fifty households; while RW is composed of 3 to 7 RTs.
RUTR	Rencana Umum Tata Ruang or Local Spatial Layout Master Plan.
SDO	Subsidi Daerah Otonomi; the central government's transfer to provinces and districts under the old system of governmental relation intended to cover most of routine expenditure of regions.
<i>Seirei-shitei-toshi</i>	Government Ordinance Designated City (GODC) (in Japan).
<i>shi</i>	Cities (in Japan).
<i>shi-bu</i>	City area (in Japan).
<i>shi-cho-son-gappei</i>	Merger of cities, towns and villages in Japan.
SIJORI	Singapore-Johor-Riau; a growth triangle consisting of Singapore, State of Johor of Malaysia, and Riau Province of Indonesia.
SMERU	Social Monitoring Early Response Unit; a non-governmental organization.
SMK	Sekolah Menengah Kejuruan or Senior Vocational School.
SOKSI	Serikat Organisasi Karyawan Swadiri Indonesia; a military sponsored organization founded by Colonel Suhardiman on 20 May 1960 to confront the growing power of the Communists Party of Indonesia.
<i>Taiheiyo-beruto-chitai</i>	Pacific Belt Area. The most populated and industrialized area in Japan.
TNI	Tentara Nasional Indonesia or Indonesia's National Army.
<i>to-do-fu-ken</i>	Prefectures (in Japan).
<i>Tokurei-shi</i>	Exceptionally Decentralised City (EDC) (in Japan).
WALHI	Wahana Lingkungan Hidup; a leading Indonesian NGO working on environmental protection and conservation.
<i>walikota</i>	Mayor.